

Superstor Contender Indirect Fired Water Heaters

Use and Care Manual

Installation

Start-Up

Maintenance

Parts

Warranty

For Residential and Commercial Use

SSC-20TC, SSC-32TC, SSC-40TC, SSC-50TC Models





The surfaces of these products contacted by potable (consumable) water contain less than 0.25% lead by weight as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act, Section 1417.

WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, or maintenance could void product warranty and cause property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

California Proposition 65 Warning: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

NOTICE

HTP reserves the right to make product changes or updates without notice and will not be held liable for typographical errors in literature.

NOTE TO CONSUMER: PLEASE KEEP ALL INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

New Bedford, MA 02745





SPECIAL ATTENTION BOXES

The following defined terms are used throughout this manual to bring attention to the presence of hazards of various risk levels or to important product information.

DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in serious personal injury or death.

WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor personal injury.

CAUTION

CAUTION used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

Foreword

This manual is intended to be used in conjunction with other literature provided with the SuperStor Contender Indirect Fired Water Heater. This includes all related control information. It is important that this manual, all other documents included in this system, and additional publications be reviewed in their entirety before beginning any work.

Installation should be made in accordance with the regulations of the Authority Having Jurisdiction, local code authorities, and utility companies which pertain to this type of water heating equipment.

Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) – The Authority Having Jurisdiction may be a federal, state, local government, or individual such as a fire chief, fire marshal, chief of a fire prevention bureau, labor department or health department, building official or electrical inspector, or others having statutory authority. In some circumstances, the property owner or his/her agent assumes the role, and at government installations, the commanding officer or departmental official may be the AHJ.

NOTE: The manufacturer reserves the right to modify product technical specifications and components without prior notice.

For the Installer

This water heater must be installed by qualified and licensed personnel. The installer should be guided by the instructions furnished with the water heater, and by local codes and utility company requirements.

Installations Must Comply With:

Local, state, provincial, and national codes, laws, regulations, and ordinances.

WARNING

From the Uniform Plumbing Code 2000 - Section 510 -Protection From Damage

1. All water heaters installed in areas where they may be subjected to mechanical damage shall be suitably guarded against such damage by being installed behind adequate barriers or by being elevated or located out of the normal path of a vehicle using any such garage.

2. The Administrative Authority may require the use of an approved dielectric insulator on the water piping connections of water heaters and related water heating equipment.

3. In seismic zones 3 and 4, water heaters shall be anchored or strapped to resist horizontal displacement due to earthquake motion. Strapping shall be at points within the upper one-third (1/3) and lower one-third (1/3) of its vertical dimensions. At the lower point, a minimum distance of four (4) inches (102 mm) shall be maintained above the controls with the strapping.

4. A water heater supported from the ground shall rest on level concrete or other approved base extending not less than three (3) inches (76 mm) above the adjoining ground level.

5. When a water heater is located in an attic, attic-ceiling assembly, floor-ceiling assembly, or floor-subfloor assembly where damage may result from a leaking water heater, a watertight pan of corrosion resistant materials shall be installed beneath the water heater with a minimum three-quarter (3/4) inch (20 mm) diameter drain to an approved location.



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Part 1 - General Safety Information

This water heater is approved for indoor installation only and is not intended for use as a pool heater. Clearance to combustible materials: 0" top, bottom, sides, and back. Heater must have room for service: 24" front and 6" sides are recommended service clearances. (A combustible door or removable panel is acceptable front clearance. A 3" minimum clearance must be provided from the appliance front cover to the removable panel or combustible door.) This water heater has been approved for closet installation and installation on combustible flooring. Do not install directly on carpeting. Install the water heater in a location where temperature and pressure relief valve discharge or a leak will not result in damage to the surrounding area. If such a location is not available, install an auxiliary catch pan.

WARNING

Installer - Read all instructions in this manual before installing. Perform steps in the given order.

User - This manual is for use only by a qualified heating installer / service technician. Have this water heater serviced / inspected annually by a qualified service technician.

FAILURE TO ADHERE TO THE GUIDELINES ON THIS PAGE CAN RESULT IN SUBSTANTIAL PROPERTY DAMAGE, SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH.

NOTE: Obey all local codes. Obtain all applicable permits before installing the water heater.

NOTE: Install all system components and piping in such a manner that does not reduce the performance of any fire rated assembly.

A. Operation and Installation Warnings

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19 21 To avoid serious injury or death, read, understand, and follow all of the precautions listed here.

DANGER

Vapors from flammable liquids will explode and can cause a fire, resulting in personal injury or death. DO NOT use or store flammable liquids around the water heater.

WARNING

DO NOT allow children to operate this unit. DO NOT use this unit if it does not appear to be operating correctly. A qualified technician should service and inspect the water heater annually.

This water heater must be installed by a licensed plumber, licensed gas fitter, and/or professional service technician. Improper installation and/or operation can cause a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death, and will void the warranty.

The manufacturer cannot anticipate every circumstance that might involve a potential hazard. Each installation has its own specialized characteristics, requirements, and possible hazards. Therefore, all possible incidents are not included in these warnings. Proper and safe installation, operation, and service are the responsibility of the professional service technician.

Proper care of the water heater is the user's responsibility. Ensure the user carefully reads and understands this manual before operating and maintaining the water heater.

No one but a professional service technician should attempt to install, service, or repair this water heater. There are no serviceable parts which can be changed by the user / owner. User / Owner: Contact the original professional service technician if the water heater needs repair or maintenance. If the original technician is unavailable, ask your utility for a list of qualified service providers.

Keep the area around the water heater clean and free of all materials that can burn. DO NOT store or place gasoline, oils, spray paint, or other flammable products near the water heater.

After installation, all water heater safety devices should be tested.

The owner should inspect the system monthly for damage, water stains, signs of rust or corrosion. If inspection of the unit shows signs of damage, the water heater should be shut off until the problem is repaired by a qualified technician.

This water heater is certified for indoor installations only. Carefully consider installation location and the placement of critical components (circulators, etc.) before installing the water heater.

The water heater temperature is factory set to 125°F (51.7°C). To avoid scalding, always check the temperature of the hot water before bathing, showering, washing, etc. DO NOT adjust the water temperature while the water heater is being used by other persons.

NOTICE

Any claims for damage or shortage in shipment must be filed immediately against the transportation company by the consignee.

This water heater provides a overheat shutdown limit. In the event the water heater water exceeds the set point of the control limit, the cutoff will trip and the water heater will shut down. Certain local codes require additional temperature limits. In addition, certain types of systems may operate at temperatures below the minimum set point of the limit provided with the water heater. Contact the manufacturer for additional overheat controls.

WARNING

DO NOT USE THIS WATER HEATER IF ANY PART HAS BEEN SUBMERGED IN WATER. Immediately call a qualified service technician. The water heater MUST BE replaced if it has been submerged. Attempting to operate a water heater that has been submerged could create numerous harmful conditions, such as a potential gas leakage causing a fire and/or explosion, or the release of mold, bacteria, or other harmful particulates into the air. Operating a previously submerged water heater could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

NOTE: Water heater damage due to flood or submersion is considered an Act of God, and IS NOT covered under product warranty.

NOTE: If the water heater is exposed to the following, do not operate. Immediately call a qualified service technician.

- 1. Fire
- 2. Damage
- 3. Water

Failure to follow this information could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

DO NOT alter or modify the water heater or water heater controls. Altering any HTP water heater with parts not manufactured by HTP WILL INSTANTLY VOID the water heater warranty and could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

This water heater has been designed to heat potable water ONLY. Using this water heater to heat non-potable fluid WILL VOID product warranty, and could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

CAUTION

Do not use this water heater in steam applications. Doing so will result in damage to the water heater. Such damages are not covered by warranty.

Do not use this water heater for anything other than its intended purpose (as described in this manual). Doing so could result in property damage and WILL VOID product warranty.

B. When Servicing the Water Heating System

- To avoid electric shock, disconnect electrical supply before performing maintenance.
- To avoid severe burns, allow water heater and associated equipment to cool before servicing.
- Do not use petroleum-based cleaning or sealing compounds in a water heating system. Gaskets and seals in the system may be damaged. This can result in substantial property damage.
- Do not use "homemade cures" or "patent medicines". Damage to the water heater, substantial property damage, and/or serious personal injury may result.
- Always verify proper operation after servicing the water heater.

NOTE: When inquiring about service or troubleshooting, reference the model and serial numbers from the water heater rating label.

C. Water Chemistry Requirements

CAUTION

Chemical imbalance of the water supply may affect efficiency and cause severe damage to the appliance and associated equipment. Water quality must be professionally analyzed to determine whether it is necessary to treat the water. Various solutions are available to adjust water quality. Adverse water quality will affect the reliability of the system. In addition, operating temperatures above 135°F will accelerate the build-up of lime scale and possibly shorten appliance service life. Failure of an appliance due to lime scale build-up, low pH, or other chemical imbalance IS NOT covered by the warranty.

The water must be potable, free of corrosive chemicals, sand, dirt, and other contaminates. It is up to the installer to ensure the water does not contain corrosive chemicals or elements that can damage the heat exchanger. Potable water is defined as drinkable water supplied from utility or well water in compliance with EPA secondary maximum contaminant levels (40 CFR Part 143.3). If the water contains contaminants higher than outlined by the EPA, water treatment is recommended and additional, more frequent maintenance may be required. See Table 1.

If you suspect that your water is contaminated in any way, discontinue use of the appliance and contact an authorized technician or licensed professional.

Contaminant	Maximum Allowable Level
Total Hardness (Residential Use - Below 140°F water temperature)	200 mg/l (12 grains/gallon)
Total Hardness (Commercial Use - Above 150°F water temperature)	120 mg/l (7 grains/gallon)
Aluminum	0.05 to 0.2 mg/l or PPM
Chloride	100 mg/l or PPM
Copper	1 mg/l or PPM
Iron	0.3 mg/l or PPM
Manganese	0.05 mg/l or PPM
рН	6.5 - 8.5
Sulfate	205 mg/l or PPM
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	500 mg/l or PPM
Zinc	5 mg/l or PPM
Dissolved Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	15 mg/l or PPM

Table 1 - Water Quality Specifications

D. Freeze Protection

CAUTION

Consider piping and installation when determining heater location. Damages resulting from incorrect installation or from use of products not approved by HTP ARE NOT covered by warranty.

WARNING

NEVER use any toxic chemical, including automotive, standard glycol antifreeze, or ethylene glycol made for hydronic (non-potable) systems. These chemicals can attack gaskets and seals in water systems, are poisonous if consumed, and can cause personal injury or death.

NOTE: HTP DOES NOT WARRANT THE APPLIANCE AGAINST FREEZE-RELATED DAMAGE.

E. Water Temperature Adjustment and Scalding

This water heater can deliver scalding water. Be careful whenever using hot water to avoid scalding injury. Certain appliances such as dishwashers and automatic clothes washers may require increased water temperatures. By setting the thermostat on this heater to obtain the increased water temperature required by these appliances you may create the potential for scald injury. To protect against injury, install a mixing valve in the water system. This valve will reduce point of use discharge temperatures by mixing cold and hot water in branch supply lines. Such valves are available from your local plumbing supplier.

Table 2 details the relationship of water temperature and time with regard to scald injury and may be used as a guide in determining the safest water temperature for your applications.



cause severe burns instantly or death from scalds. Children, disabled and elderly are at highest risk of being scalded. See instruction manual before setting temperature at water heater. Feel water before bathing or showering. Temperature limiting valves are

available, see manual.

Approximate Time / Temperature Relationships in Scalds

120°F	More than 5 minutes		
125°F	1 1/2 to 2 minutes		
130°F	About 30 seconds		
135°F	About 10 seconds		
140°F	Less than 5 seconds		
145°F	Less than 3 seconds		
150°F	About 1 1/2 seconds		
155°F	About 1 second		

Table 2 - Time and Temperature Relationship in Scalds

WARNING

An ASSE 1017 or ASSE 1070 temperature limiting or mixing valve is recommended in installations servicing disabled or elderly persons, or children. Mixing valves do not eliminate the risk of scalding.

To avoid scalding:

- Set the water heater set point temperature as low as possible.
- Feel water before bathing or showering.
- If thermostatic valves are required, use devices specifically designed for such purpose. Install these devices in accordance with instructions provided by the manufacturer.

Failure to install a temperature limiting or mixing valve and follow these instructions could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death due to scalds.

Households with small children, disabled, or elderly persons may require a 120°F or lower temperature setting to prevent severe personal injury or death due to scalding.

NOTICE

This indirect fired water heater is deemed to be used in a commercial setting if at any time the unit is operated at a temperature over 150°F. Refer to the warranty for additional information.

Part 2 - Prepare the Water Heater

Remove all sides of the shipping crate to allow the heater to be moved into its installation location.



UNCRATING THE WATER HEATER - Any claims for damage or shortage in shipment must be filed immediately against the transportation company by the consignee.



COLD WEATHER HANDLING - If the water heater has been stored in a very cold location (BELOW 0°F) before installation, handle with care until the components come to room temperature. Failure to do so could result in damage to the water heater.

Carefully consider installation when determining heater location. Please read the entire manual before attempting installation. Failure to properly take factors such as heater venting, piping, condensate removal, and wiring into account before installation could result in wasted time, money, and possible property damage and personal injury.

A. Locating the Water Heater

WARNING

This water heater is certified for indoor use only. DO NOT INSTALL OUTDOORS. Outdoor installations ARE NOT covered by warranty. Failure to install the water heater indoors could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Incorrect ambient conditions can lead to damage to the heating system and put safe operation at risk. Ensure that the installation location adheres to the information included in this manual. Failure to do so could result in property damage, serious personal injury, or death. Failure of heater or components due to incorrect operating conditions IS NOT covered by product warranty.

This water heater must be installed upright in the vertical position as described in this manual. DO NOT attempt to install this water heater in any other orientation. Doing so will result in improper water heater operation and property damage, and could result in serious personal injury or death.



The service life of the water heater's exposed metallic surfaces, such as the casing, as well as internal surfaces, such as the heat exchanger, are directly influenced by proximity to damp and salty marine environments. In such areas higher concentration levels of chlorides from sea spray coupled with relative humidity can lead to degradation of water heater components. In these environments, heaters must not be installed using direct vent systems which draw outdoor air for combustion. Such heaters must be installed using room air for combustion. Indoor air will have a much lower relative humidity, and hence potential corrosion will be minimized.

High heat sources (generating heat 100°F / 37°C or greater, such as stove pipes, space heaters, etc.) may damage plastic components of the water heater as well as plastic vent pipe materials. Such damages ARE NOT covered by warranty. It is recommended to keep a minimum clearance of 8″ from high heat sources. Observe heat source manufacturer instructions, as well as local, state, provincial, and national codes, laws, regulations, and ordinances when installing this water heater and related components near high heat sources.

This water heater is certified for indoor use only. DO NOT INSTALL OUTDOORS. Outdoor installations ARE NOT covered by warranty.

Choose a location for the water heater as centralized to the piping system as possible. Also, locate the water heater and domestic water piping where it will not be exposed to freezing temperatures. All piping should be insulated. Additionally, place the water heater so that the drain, controls, and inlets/outlets are easily accessible.

NOTE: To save on heating costs and improve energy efficiency keep the distance between the boiler and water heater to a minimum to reduce heat loss from excess piping and keep friction loss at a minimum. Ensure all piping between the boiler and water heater is properly insulated to minimize heat loss.

The water heater may be located some distance from the boiler provided the circulator meets flow requirements through the coil. The greater the distance from the water heater to the boiler the longer the response will be to a call for hot water.

This water heater must be installed vertical on a level surface.

NOTE: In the State of California, the water heater must be braced, anchored, or strapped to avoid moving during an earthquake. Contact local utilities for code requirements in your area. Visit http://www.dsa. dgs.ca.gov or call 1-916-445-8100 and request instructions.

However, applicable codes shall govern installation. For residential water heaters of a capacity greater than 52 gallons, consult the local building jurisdiction for acceptable bracing procedures.

NOTE: If you do not provide the minimum clearances shown in Figure 1, it might not be possible to service the water heater without removing it from the space.

NOTE: A combustible door or removable panel is acceptable front clearance.

WARNING

Failure to keep the water heater area clear and free of combustible materials, liquids, and vapors can result in substantial property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Ensure the location can support the entire filled weight of the water heater. Failure to properly support the water heater could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

This water heater must be installed upright in the vertical position as described in this manual. DO NOT attempt to install this water heater in any other orientation. Doing so will result in improper water heater operation and property damage, and could result in serious personal injury or death.

CAUTION

Do not connect the water heater to any heating systems or components that have been previously used for non-potable applications.

Do not introduce toxic chemicals, such as antifreeze or water heater treatments, into the water heater or any piping meant for potable water purposes.

Ensure that all piping and components connected to the water heater are suitable for potable water applications.

Do not use this water heater for space heating applications.

Circulators suitable for DHW applications must be used.

Always take future maintenance into consideration when locating the appliance. If the appliance is located in an installation location with limited clearances, it may be necessary to remove the appliance from the space to perform maintenance. Failure to consider maintenance when determining installation location could result in property damage.

CAUTION

All water heaters eventually leak. Locate the water heater where any leakage from the relief valve, related piping, tank, or connections will not result in damage to surrounding areas or lower floors of the building. Any water heater should be installed in such a manner that if it should leak the resulting flow of water will not cause damage to the area in which it is installed. National Plumbing codes require a drain pan for any water heater installation. This drain pan should be sized with a maximum depth of 2", and a minimum diameter 2" greater than the diameter of the water heater. The drain pan should empty into an open drain line. This drain line should be 3/4" ID minimum, piped to an open drain. Leakage damages ARE NOT covered by warranty. Failure to install a drain pan is the sole responsibility of the owner and/or installer. Reference UPC 2000 (Uniform Plumbing Code) Section 510 - Protection from Damage or IPC 200 (International Plumbing code) Section 504 - Safety Devices. Leakage damages ARE NOT covered by warranty.

In addition, water leak detection devices and automatic water shutoff valves are readily available at plumbing supply houses. IT IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER TO INSTALL WATER LEAK DETECTION DEVICES AND AUTOMATIC SHUTOFF VALVES IN ANY WATER HEATER INSTALLATION WHERE A LEAKAGE OF WATER COULD RESULT IN PROPERTY DAMAGES.

B. Clearances for Service Access

See Figure 1 for recommended service clearances.



Figure 1 - Drain Pan Installation and Recommended Service Clearances NOTE: For closet installations, a combustible door or removable panel is acceptable front clearance. A 3" minimum clearance must be provided from the appliance front cover to the removable panel or combustible door.

NOTE: If you do not provide the minimum clearances shown in Figure 1 it might not be possible to service the heater without removing it from the space.

MINIMUM CLEARANCES FROM COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS

- Hot water pipes at least 1" from combustible materials
- Exhaust vent pipe at least 1" from combustible materials

C. Product Selection - Performance and Sizing Guidelines

The following guidelines apply to residential systems only. For commercial or institutional installations contact the factory directly for assistance.
Determine the quanity of domestic hot water required. Factors to consider:

a. Estimate typical peak hour demand. Determine the general time of day (morning, noon, evening) when the most hot water is used.

Use chart below to determine potential maximum usage.									
	Estimate of Peak Domestic Hot Water Usage								
Use	Average Gallons of Hot Water per Usage		Times Used During One Hour		Peak Hour Demand				
Shower	20	Х		=					
Bath	20	Х		=					
Shaving	2	Х		=					
Hands and Face Washing	4	Х		=					
Hair Shampoo	4	Х		=					
Hand Dish Washing	4	Х		=					
Automatic Dish Washing	14	Х		=					
Food Preparation	5	Х		=					
Wringer Clothes Washer	26	Х		=					
Automatic Clothes Washer	32	Х		=					
			Total Peak Hour Demand	=					

b. Estimate unusual peak draw demand. Whirlpool baths, hot tubs, and multiple head showers require large quantities of hot water in a short period of time. Contact fixture manufacturer for quantity of water required. Generally speaking, these circumstances can only be met with larger storage volumes.

c. Domestic Water Temperature - Most residential usage will be satisfied with 119°F water, the temperature setting recommended by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. Some applications such as laundry and dishwashers may require a higher temperature.

Ratings can be improved by increasing the thermostat setting and using a mixing valve to temper the hot water to the proper temperature. When temperatures greater than 119°F are required, use a mixing valve at the outlet of the water heater or anti-scald fittings at points of use.

NOTE: The table below describes the minimum BTU/H required to achieve the listed first hour rating. The mass of the boiler will affect recovery time. More boiler mass equals longer recovery time.

Model	Units	20	32	40	50	
Tank Capacity	Gallons	21.2	31.7	42.3	52.9	
Minimum Recommended Power	BTU/Hr	75,000	95,000	115,000	140,000	
Maximum Working Pressure	PSI	150				
Maximum Temperature	٥F	200				
Weight (Empty)	Dounds	74.8	99	112.2	136.4	
Weight (Full)	Pounds	251.4	363.1	464.6	577	

Table 3 - Water Heater Performance and Sizing Guidelines

D. Anode Rod

This water heater is equipped with magnesium anode rods. Anode rods are sacrificial components that counteract water chemistry to minimize or eliminate tank corrosion.

The anode rods should be inspected at least annually and replaced as necessary to prolong tank life. Have the supply water quality professionally analyzed, as local water conditions will influence the duration for inspection and replacement of the anode rod.

Some installation conditions necessitate more frequent inspection of the anode rods. The use of a water softener may increase the speed of anode consumption. For example, more frequent inspection of the anode is needed when using softened or treated water.

Water with high sulfate and/or mineral content can produce a rotten egg odor in heated water. Chlorinating the water supply may minimize this problem.

NOTE: Failure of a heat exchanger due to lime scale build-up on the heating surface, low pH, or other imbalance IS NOT covered by the warranty.

NOTE: Do not remove anode rods from an operating water heater. Operating the water heater without anode rods will shorten the life of the tank and VOID the warranty.

NOTE: If anode rods are rapidly consumed water chemistry should be tested by a qualified technician. Corrective action should be taken to prevent the premature failure of the water heating system. Operating the water heater with fully consumed anode rods will shorten the life of the tank and VOID the warranty.

E. Technical Specifications



Figure 2 - Connection Diagrams



Model	SSC-20TC	SSC-32TC	SSC-40TC	SSC-50TC	
Α	22″				
В	28.7″	37″	45.3″	54″	
С	27″	35.3″	43.6″	52.25″	

Table 4 - Dimensions

Figure 3 - Dimensions



Model	Prima	11		
woder	5	8	12	Unit
SSC-20TC	1.2	2.9	6.2	
SSC-32TC	16	3.8	8.0	ft/hd
SSC-40TC	1.6	3.6	7.6	nt/na
SSC-50TC	1.8	4.2	8.8	

Table 5 - Pressure Drop Table

Figure 4 - Pressure Drop Graph

lp-770 Rev. 000 Rel. 000 Date 6.21.21

	Continuous Draw Ratings Based Upon Boiler's Ability to Maintain 180°F								
Model		20 Gallon							
Circulator Flo	w GPM	5	5 5 8 8 12						
DHW Tempe	rature	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F		
	45,000	76	56	76	56				
	60,000	95	69	95	69				
Boiler Heating	75,000	116	83	116	83				
Capacity in BTU/	95,000	120	86	134	95	142	101		
Hr Output	115,000	120	86	134	95	156	111		
	140,000			134	95	156	111		
	165,000					168	119		

Table 6 - 20 Gallon Model Performance Data

	Continuous Draw Ratings Based Upon Boiler's Ability to Maintain 180°F								
Mode	el de la companya de			32 G	allon				
Circulator Fl	ow GPM	5	5 5 8 8 12						
DHW Temp	erature	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F		
	45,000	106	78	106	78				
	60,000	134	97	134	97				
Boiler Heating	75,000	162	116	162	116				
Capacity in	95,000	168	120	188	134	198	141		
BTU/Hr Output	115,000	168	120	188	134	219	155		
	140,000			188	134	219	155		
	165,000					236	167		

Table 7 - 32 Gallon Model Performance Data

Continuous Draw Ratings Based Upon Boiler's Ability to Maintain 180°F								
Mode	9			40 G	allon			
Circulator Fl	ow GPM	5	5	8	8	12	12	
DHW Temp	erature	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F	
	45,000	110	82	110	82			
	60,000	138	101	138	101			
Boiler Heating	75,000	166	120	166	120			
Capacity in	95,000	172	124	192	138	202	145	
BTU/Hr Output	115,000	172	124	192	138	223	159	
	140,000			192	138	223	159	
	165,000					240	171	

Table 8 - 40 Gallon Model Performance Data

Continuous Draw Ratings Based Upon Boiler's Ability to Maintain 180°F								
Mode	el l	50 Gallon						
Circulator Fl	ow GPM	5	5 5 8 8 12					
DHW Temp	erature	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F	120°F	140°F	
	45,000	117	91	117	91			
	60,000	142	108	142	108			
Boiler Heating	75,000	167	125	167	125			
Capacity in	95,000	201	148	201	148	201	161	
BTU/Hr Output	115,000	201	148	231	169	236	186	
	140,000			231	169	252	198	
	165,000					252	198	

Table 9 - 50 Gallon Model Performance Data

Ratings based upon incoming domestic cold water temperature of 58°F

Part 3 - Piping

Plumbing of this appliance should only be done by a qualified, licensed plumber in accordance with all local plumbing codes.

WARNING

Failure to follow the instructions in this section WILL VOID the warranty and may result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

CAUTION

Do not apply a torch within 12" of the water heater. If sweat connections are used, sweat tubing to the adapter before fitting adapter to the water connections on the heater. Damages due to improper installation practices ARE NOT covered by warranty.

When filling the water heater, open a hot water tap to release air in the tank and piping. Failure to do so could lead to improper water heater operation and damage to components.

A. General Plumbing Guidelines

CAUTION

The building piping system must meet or exceed the piping requirements in this manual.

Use two wrenches when tightening water piping at heater. Use one wrench to prevent the heater inlet or outlet line from turning. Failure to prevent piping connections from turning could cause damage to heater components.

All plumbing must be in accordance with the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

- Use both thread tape and pipe dope on all mechanical connections.
- Zone valve (if used) and circulator must be sized to provide minimum flow rate specified in the table to the right, Flow Specifications. Use 1 inch nominal copper tubing for flows greater than 7 GPM between the boiler and heat exchanger. See the tables on Friction Loss. Point of emphasis: Using a zone valve without a full bore may cause high pressure drop which will adversely affect performance. Use extreme care when selecting zone valve.
- All piping must be adequately supported.
- Allow for thermal expansion.
- Dielectric Unions (recommended) used to electrically isolate the tank from the connected domestic water piping. This helps to minimize the possibility of corrosion damage.

B. Backflow Preventer

Use a backflow preventer specifically designed for water heater installations. This valve should be installed on the cold water fill supply line per local codes.

C. Potable Expansion Tank

A potable hot water expansion tank may be required to offset heated water expansion. If there is a back flow preventer or any other type of no return or check valve in the system a thermal expansion tank IS MANDATORY. The expansion tank must be sized for the entire water volume of the hot water system. A weeping relief valve indicates the need for an expansion tank. See the Typical Expansion Tank example in the Piping section for details.

D. Pressure Drop Sizing For Circulator

The boiler circulator flow rate must meet the requirements found in the pressure drop sizing chart. The chart represents the pipe run, water heater, and heat exchanger ONLY and does not include any flow checks, zone valves, or friction loss through the boiler. That resistance must be added to the value found in the following chart.

E. Boiler Connections

CAUTION

The water heater heat exchanger cannot be used with non-barrier radiant pipe systems. Use with closed loop boiler systems only.

Use a 3/4" nominal minimum pipe size when piping with zone valves or circulators.

On the water heater, the boiler supply connects to the outlet of the circulator. The circulator inlet is to be connected to the hot outlet side of the boiler. Be sure that the arrow on the circulator is facing the correct flow direction. (See pressure drop sizing for circulator, this manual.) On the tank, the boiler return connects to the return side of the boiler. The return(s) from heating loop(s) should have a flow check or swing check valve installed before the return pipe from the tank.

Model	Recommended Flow Rate	Heat Exchanger Pressure Drop (ft. hd.)	Domestic Water Connection Sizes
20	5 GPM	1.2	
32	8 GPM	3.8	2/4//
40	12 CDM	7.6	3/4″
50	12 GPM	8.8	

Table 10 - Flow Specifications

Tubing Type	Flow Rate 10 GPM	Flow Rate 15 GPM
Туре К	3.1 psi	6.5 psi
Type L	2.7 psi	5.7 psi
Type M	2.3 psi	4.7 psi

Table 11 - Friction Loss per 100' of Tubing (psi)

Fitting	Wrought	Cast
90° Elbow	1	4
45° Elbow	1	2
Tee - Run	1/2	1/2
Tee - Branch	3	5
Long Radius 90° Elbow	2	-
180º Bend	2	-
Gate Valve	-	1

Table 12 - Friction Loss Allowance for Copper Fittings (ft. of Tubing)

F. Hot Water Outlet

CAUTION

Dielectric fittings must be used on water connections.

Exercise caution when soldering water heater connections, as outlet and inlet dip tubes are plastic.

Use both thread tape and pipe dope to connect an NPT male X 3/4" (minimum) pipe adapter. A shut-off valve between the hot water supply and tank outlet is recommended for ease of service.

Installing a heat trap in the domestic hot water outlet will improve energy efficiency and reduce piping heat loss.

G. Domestic Piping Inlet

CAUTION

Dielectric fittings must be used on water connections.

Exercise caution when soldering water heater connections, as outlet and inlet dip tubes are plastic.

Use both thread tape and pipe dope to connect an NPT female X 3/4" (minimum) pipe adapter. A shut-off valve between the city water supply and tank inlet is recommended for ease of service.

If the tank is replacing a tankless coil in the boiler, disconnect coil plumbing and use the cold inlet pipe and hot water outlet pipes for the water heater.

NOTE: DO NOT PLUG OUTLET IN TANKLESS COIL.

H. Temperature and Pressure Relief Valve

A factory installed temperature and pressure long element relief valve, meeting the requirements for relief valves for water heaters (ANSI Z21.22 / CSA 4.4) has been installed for your safety and convenience. If servicing, make sure that the relief valve is sized to the BTU/hour capacity and storage capacity of the water heater. If the relief valve weeps see expansion tank section for details.

WARNING

To avoid water damage or scalding due to relief valve operation:

- Discharge line must be connected to relief valve outlet and run to a safe place of disposal. Terminate the discharge line in a manner that will prevent possibility of severe burns or property damage should the relief valve discharge.
- Discharge line must be as short as possible and the same size as the valve discharge connection throughout its entire length.
- Discharge line must pitch downward from the valve and terminate at least 6" above the floor drain, making discharge clearly visible.
- The discharge line shall terminate plain, not threaded, with a material serviceable for temperatures of 375°F or greater.
- Do not pipe discharge to any location where freezing could occur.
- No valve may be installed between the relief valve and heater or in the discharge line. Do not plug or place any obstruction in the discharge line.
- Test the operation of the relief valve after filling and pressurizing the system by lifting the lever. Make sure the valve discharges freely. If the valve fails to operate correctly, immediately replace with a new properly rated relief valve.
- Test T&P valve at least once annually to ensure the waterway is clear. If valve does not operate, turn the heater "off" and call a plumber immediately.
- Take care whenever operating relief valve to avoid scalding injury or property damage.

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE ABOVE GUIDELINES COULD RESULT IN FAILURE OF RELIEF VALVE OPERATION, RESULTING IN POSSIBILITY OF SUBSTANTIAL PROPERTY DAMAGE, SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH.

Do not thread a cap or plug into the relief valve or relief valve line under any circumstances! Explosion and property damage, serious injury, or death may result.

WARNING

RE-INSPECTION OF T&P RELIEF VALVES: T&P valves should be inspected AT LEAST ONCE EVERY THREE YEARS, and replaced if necessary, by a licensed plumbing contractor or qualified service technician to ensure that the product has not been affected by corrosive water conditions and to ensure that the valve and discharged line have not been altered or tampered with illegally. Certain naturally occuring conditions may corrode the valve and its components over time, rendering the valve inoperative. Such conditions can only be detected if the valve and its components are physically removed and inspected. **Do not attempt to conduct an inspection on your own.** Contact your plumbing contractor for a re-inspection to assure continued safety.

FAILURE TO RE-INSPECT THE T&P VALVE AS DIRECTED COULD RESULT IN UNSAFE TEMPERATURE AND/OR PRESSURE BUILD-UP WHICH CAN RESULT IN PROPERTY DAMAGE, SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH.

I. Applications



Figure 5 - Mixing Valve Application NOTES:

1. Minimum pipe size should match connection size. Upsize pipe accordingly if greater flow is required.

2. A thermal expansion tank suitable for potable water must be sized and installed within this piping system between the backflow preventer and the cold water inlet.

3. All circulators should have an integral flow check.

4. Drains and check valve between the heating appliance and water heater will assist in purging air from system.

5. This drawing is meant to demonstrate system piping only. The installer is responsible for all equipment and detailing required by local codes. In Massachusetts, you must install a vacuum relief valve per 248 CMR.

6. Mixing valve application is optional, but recommended to help prevent scalding.

Part 4 - Heater Control and Wiring

A. Control

Install control element into the control well and tighten into place with screws on the control body. Thermal conductive paste is recommended. Once the control is operational, it is important to make sure the control is maintaining the desired operating temperature.

B. Wiring

Wiring is to be done in accordance with all applicable local and state codes. Turn off all power related to the boiler before starting any wiring procedures. It is recommended that a disconnect switch be installed between the boiler control and the water heater.



When wiring the water heater and controls be sure to label all wires to ease future maintenance. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

C. Wiring Diagrams







Figure 7 - Tankless Coil Boiler Application - Wiring with Zone Valves









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L8143A L8152A

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Figure 10 - Using L8148A or L8152A Cold Start Boiler Control with Circulators

JUMPER



Figure 11 - Using L8148A or L8152A Cold Start Boiler Control with Zone Valves

Part 5 - Start-Up and Operation

1. Fill the water heater by opening the cold water shut-off valve. Purge air from the system by opening a hot water outlet at a fixture in a kitchen or bathroom. When water flows freely from the outlet, the system is purged.

CAUTION

When filling the water heater, open a hot water tap to release air in the tank and piping to ensure proper water heater operation. Failure to ensure the water heater is full before turning on the system will result in damage to the water heater, and could result in property damage. Such damages ARE NOT covered by warranty.

2. Check the system for leaks.

CAUTION

Fix any leaks before continuing the installation. Failure to do so could result in property damage or personal injury.

3. After ensuring there are no leaks within the system, flush the system to clear any soldering residue. Draw at least three times the volume of the water heater to properly flush the system.

4. Initiate a call for hot water. Ensure each zone valve or circulator operates only when its thermostat calls for heat. Purge each zone of air to ensure proper operation.

5. Set the water heater aquastat to the desired temperature by rotating the screwdriver slot to align with the desired setting. Boiler high limit should be set at least 20°F higher than the heater temperature. Set the low limit of the boiler control at the minimum setting - this will call the burner on only to satisfy the tank control.

A water heater temperature setting of 120°F is recommended. However, a lower temperature setting may be required to comply with local and state codes for normal operation. The differential is fixed 3 to 5°F. Installation conditions may require a higher or lower temperature setting. In accordance with local and

national plumbing codes it is highly recommended that a thermostatic mixing valve be used to protect the user from potential hazard due to spikes in temperature. A mixing valve in conjunction with a high temperature setting may be used for high demand applications (spas, hot tubs, whirlpools). It is important to check the output temperature of any water heater with a thermometer to insure that the setting is correct.

6. When the system is completely flushed, purged of air, and the temperature is set, turn on the boiler. Observe operation. Ensure the boiler shuts down after the indirect water heater set point is satisfied.

WARNING

Risk of scald injury increases as you increase water temperature.



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Water temperature over 125°F can cause severe burns instantly or death from scalds. Children, disabled and elderly are at highest risk of being scalded. See instruction manual before setting temperature at water heater. Feel water before bathing or showering. Temperature limiting valves are available, see manual.

Part 6 - Maintenance and Troubleshooting

Periodic maintenance should be performed by a qualified service technician to ensure all equipment is operating safely and efficiently. The owner should make necessary arrangements with a qualified heating contractor for periodic maintenance of the heater. Installer must also inform the owner that the lack of proper water heater care and maintenance may result in hazardous conditions.

Annual Maintenance Activities		Date Last Completed			
Piping		1st Year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year
Near heater piping	Check heater and system piping for any sign of leakage; make sure pipes are properly supported.				
System					
Visual	Do a full visual inspection of all system components. Ensure all components (including boilers, water treatment systems, mixing valves, circulators, etc.) are operating properly and have been maintained.				
Functional	Test all functions of the system. Perform any maintenance required by local codes. Verify system pressure is in the safe operating range.				
Temperatures	Check control for temperature accuracy. *Verify safe settings on Mixing Valve (if installed in system).				
Electrical					
Smoke and CO Detectors	*Verify devices are installed and working properly. Change batteries if necessary.				
Circuit Breakers	Check to see that the circuit breaker is clearly labeled. Exercise circuit breaker.				
Connections	Check wire connections. Make sure they are tight.				
Anode Rod					
Relief and Drain Va Relief Valve	At least annually - Check the condition of the anodes. To remove the anodes: 1. Shut off any power to the heater. 2. Close the domestic cold water supply valve. 3. Open the household hot water taps. 4. Attach a hose to the drain valve located at the bottom of the heater and drain the heater. 5. Unscrew the anodes. EXAMINE THE ANODES AND REPLACE IF THE DIAMETER IS LESS THAN 0.40 INCHES. 6. Replacement of the Anodes - The use of PTFE tape is recommended to ensure watertight connection of the anodes. NOTE: Some water conditions may necessitate more frequent inspection of the an- odes. Failure to inspect the anodes as required by installation conditions may result in premature failure of the heater and VOID the warranty. alve Lift and release the relief valve on the water heater. Make certain that the valve operates properly by allowing several gallons to flush through the discharge line. Replace if valve is blocked or does not operate properly. NOTE: TAKE CAUTION WHEN OPERATING RELIEF VALVE. DISCHARGED WATER MAY PRESENT A SCALD RISK.				
Drain Valve	Open the drain valve and drain a few quarts of water from the bottom of the tank to flush any hard water deposits. Replace if valve is blocked or does not operate properly. NOTE: TAKE CAUTION WHEN OPERATING DRAIN VALVE. DRAINED WATER MAY PRESENT A SCALD RISK.				
Final Inspection					
Check for Combustibles	Check area around heater for combustible materials such as gasoline or paint thinner. If combustible materials are found, move away from the heater to a safe location.				
Checklist	Verify that you have completed the entire checklist. WARNING: FAILURE TO DO SO COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.				
Homeowner	Review what you have done with the homeowner.				
Initial and Date af	ter Inspection / Service. Continue Inspections Annually beyond the Fourth Year.				

Table 13 - Maintenance Activities Checklist - *If Applicable to System

	Troub	leshooting		
No Hot Water		Not Enough Hot Water		
Problem	Possible Solution	Problem	Possible Solution	
Zone valve not opening	Open manually to replace	Zone valve restriction	1" full bore replace zone valve	
Circulator not operating	Check or replace	Circulator arrow reversed	Reverse circulator	
Tank control set too low	Raise tank temperature*	Tank temperature too low	Raise tank temperature*	
Boiler control set too low	Raise boiler temperature	Boiler temperature too low	Raise boiler temperature	
Wiring incorrect	Check wiring	Boiler sized too small	Check sizing chart	
Tank control failure	Replace control	Tank sized too small	Check sizing chart	
Zone valve failure	Replace valve	Demand flow rate too high	Install mixing valve. Raise tank temperature	
Circulator failure		A	Purge air	
	Replace circulator	Air trap in loop	Install flow regulator	
Air trap in loop			Check wiring or set indirect as priority over heating	
	Purge air	Heat and tank come on together	Draw tank down and lower the mostat. Recheck.	
		Not enough space heat	Boiler sized too small. Consult chart.	
		Slow recovery	Circulator head capacity too lov	
T&P Valve D	ischarges	Hot Tubs, Spas, Multiple	e Showers, High Demand	
Problem	Possible Solution	Problem	Possible Solution	
Tank temperature too high	Lower tank temperature	Pressure too low	Check line pressure for restrictio	
Water expands when heated	Install expansion tank	Tank recovery slow	Slow startup boiler. See chart	
			Boiler sized too small. See char	
Water pressure too high	Install pressure reducing valve		Check flow rate. Compare to chart	
Hot Water Has Ro	otten Egg Odor			
Problem	oblem Possible Solution Not enough hot water		Demand too great. Check flow	
Supply water has high sulfate or mineral content	Check with water quality specialist in your area. Have water supply analyzed. Address water quality issues according to specialist's recommendations.		rates and compare to chart. Install mixing valve and/or flov restricting valve and raise tanl and boiler temperature.*	

WARNING

The risk of scald injury increases as you increase water temperature. Use a water tempering or mixing valve and extreme caution when using hot water to avoid scald injury. Consult codes for conformance. Failure to follow the instructions in this warning statement could result in serious personal injury or death from scalds.

CAUTION

If draining of the water heater is necessary, open the T&P valve or a hot water tap to prevent vacuum buildup in the tank and piping.

SuperStor Contender Indirect Fired Water Heater / Solar Water Heater **Limited Warranty** For Residential and Commercial Use

HTP warrants each indirect fired water heater to be free from defects in materials and workmanship according to the following terms, conditions, and time periods. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED THESE WARRANTIES COMMENCE ON THE DATE OF INSTALLATION. This limited warranty is only available to the original consumer purchaser (hereinafter "Owner") of the water heater, and is non-transferable.

Standard Residential Use Warranty (Seven [7] years - Tank, Six [6] years - Components)

Standard Residential Use shall mean water heaters not registered online with HTP used in a single family dwelling, or usage in a multiple family dwelling, provided that the water heater services only one (1) dwelling in which the Owner resides on a permanent basis and operating temperatures do not exceed 140°F.

Extended Residential Use Warranty (Lifetime - Tank, Six [6] years - Components)

Extended Residential Use coverage shall apply to residential use water heaters registered online with HTP at www.htproducts.com/ warranty within six (6) months of the installation date. See the information provided on the following page of this document for registration details.

Standard Commercial Use Warranty (Five [5] years – Tank, One [1] year – Components)

Standard Commercial Use shall mean any usage not falling within the definition of a "standard residential use" setting.

COVERAGE

A. HTP warrants that it will repair or replace, at its option, any defective or malfunctioning component of the water heater found to have failed within the above-stated warranty periods. Replacement components will be warranted for ninety (90) days.

B. Should a defect or malfunction result in a leakage of water from the water heater within the above-stated warranty periods due to defective material or workmanship, malfunction, or failure to comply with the above warranty, with such defect or malfunction having been verified by an authorized HTP representative, HTP will replace the defective or malfunctioning water heater with a replacement of the nearest comparable model available at the time of replacement. The replacement water heater will be warranted for the unexpired portion of the applicable warranty period of the original water heater.

C. In the event of a leakage of water of a replacement water heater due to defective material or workmanship, malfunction, or failure to comply with the above warranty, HTP reserves the right to refund to the Owner the published wholesale price available at the date of manufacture of the original water heater.

D. If government regulations, industry certification, or similar standards require the replacement water heater or component(s) to have features not found in the defective water heater or component(s), the Owner will be charged the difference in price represented by those required features. If the Owner pays the price difference for those required features and/or to upgrade the size and/or other features available on a new replacement water heater or component(s), the Owner will also receive a complete new limited warranty for that replacement water heater or component(s). E. If at the time of a request for service the Owner cannot provide a copy of the original sales receipt or the warranty registration, the warranty period for the water heater shall then be deemed to have commenced thirty (30) days from the date of manufacture of the water heater and NOT the date of installation of the water heater.

F. This warranty extends only to water heaters utilized in water heating applications that have been properly installed by qualified professionals based upon the manufacturer's installation instructions.

G. It is expressly agreed between HTP and the Owner that repair, replacement, or refund are the exclusive remedies of the Owner.

OWNER RESPONSIBILITIES

The Owner or Installer must:

1. Have a relief valve bearing the listing marks of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) installed with the water heater assembly in accordance with federal, state, and local codes.

2. Have a vacuum relief valve certified to ANSI Z21.22 - Relief Valves for Hot Water Supply Systems installed with the water heater assembly in accordance with federal, state, and local codes and in installations prone to vacuum related damages.

3. Maintain the water heater in accordance with the maintenance procedure listed in the manufacturer's provided instructions. Preventive maintenance can help avoid any unnecessary breakdown of the water heater and keep it running at optimum efficiency.

4. Maintain all related system components in good operating condition. 5. Use the water heater in an open system, or in a closed system with a properly sized and installed thermal expansion tank.

6. Use the water heater at water pressures not exceeding the working pressure shown on the rating label.

7. Keep the water heater free of damaging scale deposits.

8. Make provisions so if the water heater or any component or connection thereto should leak, the resulting flow of water will not cause damage to the area in which it is installed.

9. Have the anode rods inspected and replaced as necessary.

WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS

This limited warranty will not cover:

1. Any water heater purchased from an unauthorized dealer.

2. Any water heater not installed by a gualified heating installer/service technician, or installations that do not conform to ANSI, CSA, and/or UL standards, as well as any applicable national or local building codes.

3. Service trips to teach the Owner how to install, use, maintain, or to bring the water heater installation into compliance with local building codes and regulations.

4. The workmanship of any installer. The manufacturer disclaims and does not assume any liability of any nature caused by improper installation, repair, or maintenance.

5. Electricity or fuel costs, or increased or unrealized savings for same, for any reason whatsoever.

6. Any water damage arising, directly or indirectly, from any defect in the water heater or component part(s) or from its use.

7. Any incidental, consequential, special, or contingent damages or expenses arising, directly or indirectly, from any defect in the water heater or the use of the water heater.

8. Failure to locate the water heater in an area where leakage of the tank or water line connections and the relief valve will not result in damage to the area adjacent to the water heater or lower floors of the structure, as well as failure to install the water heater in or with a properly sized drain pan routed to an approved drainage location.

9. Any failed components of the heat system not manufactured by HTP as part of the water heater.

10. Water heaters repaired or altered without the prior written approval of HTP.

11. Damages, malfunctions, or failures resulting from improper installation, or failure to install the water heater in accordance with applicable building codes/ordinances or good plumbing and electrical trade practices; or failure to operate and maintain the water heater in accordance with the manufacturer's provided instructions.

12. Damages, malfunctions, or failures resulting from failure to operate the water heater at pressures not exceeding the working pressure shown on the rating label.

13. Failure to operate the water heater in an open system, or in a closed system with a properly sized and installed thermal expansion tank.

14. Failure or performance problems caused by improper sizing of the water heater, expansion device, or piping.

15. Damages, malfunctions, or failures resulting from vacuum conditions. 16. Damages, malfunctions, or failures caused by operating the water heater with modified, altered, or unapproved components.

17. Damages, malfunctions, or failures caused by abuse, accident, fire, flood, freeze, lightning, electrochemical reaction, acts of God and the like. 18. Failures (leaks) caused by operating the water heater in a corrosive or contaminated atmosphere.

19. Failure of the water heater due to the accumulation of solid materials and lime deposits.

20. Any damage or failure resulting from improper water chemistry. WATER CHEMISTRY REQUIREMENTS (RESIDENTIAL USE) – Water pH between 6.5 and 8.5. Operating temperatures not exceeding 140°F. Hardness less than 12 grains (200 mg/L). Chloride concentration less than 100 ppm (mg/L). TDS less than 500 ppm (mg/L). (COMMERCIAL USE) – Water pH between 6.5 and 8.5. Hardness less than 7 grains (120 mg/L). Chloride concentration less than 100 ppm (mg/L). TDS less than 500 ppm (mg/L).

21. Any damages, malfunctions, or failures resulting from removal of the anode rods, or failure to inspect and replace the anode rods as necessary. 22. Production of noise, taste, odors, discoloration, or rusty water.

23. Water heaters replaced for cosmetic reasons.

24. Components of the water heater that are not defective, but must be replaced during the warranty period as a result of reasonable wear and tear.

25. Damages, malfunctions, or failures resulting from the use of any component(s) / attachment(s) not supplied by HTP.

26. Water heaters installed outside the fifty states (and the District of Columbia) of the United States of America and Canada.

27. Water heaters moved from the original installation location.

28. Water heaters that have had their rating labels removed.

29. Water heaters used in steam boiler applications.

ONLINE EXTENDED RESIDENTIAL USE LIMITED WARRANTY REGISTRATION

To register for the Extended Limited Warranty, complete the form located on the HTP website at http://www.htproducts.com/warranty within six (6) months of installation. The form must be completed in full with owner name, email address, and phone number, the address where the unit is installed and installation date, and unit model and serial numbers. Proof of purchase is required, and may be an invoice for the product, or a bill from an installing contractor that clearly documents the installation of the unit. To be valid, proof of purchase must also include the unit serial number. Proof of purchase may be typed or hand written. Submit the proof of purchase to HTP via the directions provided on the website.

PROCEDURES FOR WARRANTY SERVICE REQUESTS

Any claim for warranty assistance must be made immediately upon finding the issue. First, please consult the HTP Warranty Wizard (http:// www.htproducts.com/Warranty-Wizard.html) to check warranty eligibility. You may also contact HTP Technical Support at 1-800-323-9651 for questions or assistance. Warranty coverage requires review and approval of the issue with HTP Technical Support or through the Warranty Wizard prior to a full unit replacement. Any claim for warranty reimbursement will be rejected if prior approval from HTP is not obtained in advance of a full unit replacement. Final determination will be made as part of the warranty claim process.

When submitting a warranty claim the following items are required:

1. Proof of purchase or installation of the product – Typically a copy of the invoice from the installing contractor, the receipt of the purchase of the product, or an original certificate of occupancy for a new home.

2. Clear pictures (or video) of the following: a. Serial number tag (sticker)

b. The product

c. The product issue / failure whenever possible

d. A picture of the piping near the product

e. For gas fired products, a picture of the venting, including how it exits the building

All claims will be reviewed by HTP within three (3) business days. If additional information is required and requested by the HTP Claims Department you will have thirty (30) days to provide it. When all requested information is provided HTP will respond within three (3) business days. The claim will be automatically closed if requested information is not provided within thirty (30) days. Claims will not be reopened without HTP

Warranty Supervisor approval.

During the claims process a product that must be replaced will be given a designation of either a) field scrap, or b) return to HTP. If the product must be returned to HTP, the returned product must arrive at HTP within thirty (30) days of the date of our request to return the product. After receipt of the returned product HTP may require as many as thirty (30) additional days for product testing. **NOTE: Any components or heaters returned to HTP for warranty analysis will become the property of HTP and will not be returned, even if credit is denied.**

If you have questions about the coverage of this warranty, please contact HTP at the following address or phone number: HTP, 272 Duchaine Blvd., New Bedford, MA, 02745, Attention: Warranty Service Department, 1(800) 323-9651.

SERVICE, LABOR, AND SHIPPING COSTS

Except when specifically prohibited by the applicable state law, the Owner, and not the Manufacturer, shall be liable for and shall pay for all charges for labor or other expenses incurred in the removal, repair, or replacement of the water heater or any component part(s) claimed to be defective or any expense incurred to remedy any defect in the product. Such charges include, but are not necessarily limited to:

1. All freight, shipping, handling, and delivery costs of forwarding a new water heater or replacement part(s) to the owner.

2. All costs necessary or incidental in removing the defective water heater or component part(s) and installing a new water heater or replacement part(s).

3. All administrative fees incurred by the Owner, as well as material required to complete, and/or permits required for, installation of a new water heater or replacement part(s), and

4. All costs necessary or incidental in returning the defective water heater or component part(s) to a location designated by the manufacturer.

LIMITATIONS OF YOUR HTP WARRANTY AND REMEDIES

THE FOREGOING WARRANTIES ARE EXCLUSIVE AND ARE GIVEN AND ACCEPTED TO THE FURTHEST EXTENT UNDER APPLICABLE LAW IN LIEU OF ANY AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND ANY OBLIGATION, LIABILITY, RIGHT, CLAIM OR REMEDY IN CONTRACT OR TORT, WHETHER OR NOT ARISING FROM HTP'S NEGLIGENCE, ACTUAL OR IMPUTED. THE REMEDIES OF THE OWNER SHALL BE LIMITED TO THOSE PROVIDED HEREIN TO THE EXCLUSION OF ANY OTHER REMEDIES INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SAID INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY DAMAGE, LOST PROFIT OR DAMAGES ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY ANY FAILURE OF HTP TO MEET ANY **OBLIGATION UNDER THIS AGREEMENT INCLUDING THE OBLIGATION** TO REPAIR AND REPLACE SET FORTH ABOVE. NO AGREEMENT VARYING OR EXTENDING THE FOREGOING WARRANTIES, REMEDIES OR THIS LIMITATION WILL BE BINDING UPON HTP. UNLESS IN WRITING AND SIGNED BY A DULY AUTHORIZED OFFICER OF HTP. THE WARRANTIES STATED HEREIN ARE NOT TRANSFERABLE AND SHALL BE FOR THE **BENEFIT OF THE OWNER ONLY.**

NO OTHER WARRANTIES

This warranty gives the Owner specific legal rights. The Owner may also have other rights that vary from state to state. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages so this limitation or exclusion may not apply to the Owner.

These are the only written warranties applicable to the water heater manufactured and sold by HTP. HTP neither assumes nor authorizes anyone to assume for it any other obligation or liability in connection with said water heaters.

HTP reserves the right to change specifications or discontinue models without notice.

Customer Installation Record Form			
	d by the qualified installer / service technician for you to keep as a record of the installation in he important notes at the bottom of the page, please also sign this document.		
Customer's Name			
Date of Installation			
Installation Address			
Product Name / Serial Number(s)			
Comments			
Installer's Code / Name			
Installers Phone Number			
Signed by Installer			
Signed by Customer			

IMPORTANT

Customer: Please only sign after the qualified installer / service technician has fully reviewed the installation, safety, proper operation, and maintenance of the system. If the system has any problems please call the qualified installer / service technician. If you are unable to make contact, please call your sales representative.

Distributor / Dealer: Please insert contact details.